Net Insurance

Sponsored Research Italy | Insurance

Investment Research



Company Update

Buy				
from Accumulate				
Share price: EUR		5.70		
closing price as of 07/04/2021				
Target price: EUR			7.60	
from Target Price: EUR		5.50		
Upside/Downside Pot	tential	3	33.3%	
Reuters/Bloomberg	NETI.N	/II/NET IM		
Market capitalisation (EU	JRm)		99	
Current N° of shares (m)			17	
Free float			61%	
Daily avg. no. trad. sh. 12 mth	(k)		7	
Daily avg. trad. vol. 12 mth (k)		17.31		
Price high/low 12 months	5.7	70 / 4.24		
Abs Perfs 1/3/12 mths (%) 7.14/9.62				
Key financials (EUR)	12/20	12/21e	12/226	
Life Gross premiums (m)	0	0	(
Non-Life Gross prem.(m)	107	122	145	
Total Net Revenues (m)	63	74	97	
Life Ins.Tech.Result (m)	0	0	0	
Non-Life Ins. Tech.Result	17	15	20	
EBIT (m)	9	17	22	
Net Profit (adj.) (m)	8	11	15	
Shareholders Equity (m)	80	88	98	
ANAV (m)	80	88	98	
ROE (adj.) (%)	10.0	13.2	15.6	
Combined ratio (%)	-70.0	-66.7	-66.0	
P/E (adj.)	12.7	9.4	7.2	
P/BV	1.2	1.2	1.1	
P/ANAV	nm	nm	nm	
P/EbV	nm	nm	nn	
Dividend yield (%)	1.5	2.7	4.2	
EPS (adj.)	0.42	0.61	0.79	
BVPS	4.36	4.82	5.37	
ANAVPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	
EbVPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	
DPS	0.08	0.15	0.24	
Shareholders				

IBL Banca 22%; Unicredit 6%; Algebris 5%; First Capital S.p.A. 5%;



Analyst(s)

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8 April 2021

Delivering even in choppy waters deserves an upgrade to Buy

After the FY 20 results, which beat both our estimates and the plan targets despite the COVID-19 pandemic, and considering the positive tenor of the conference call, we have relaxed our previous hypothesis on the cost of capital and on the 2023 net profit we expect, which is now in line with Net's plan after we had applied a 20% discount in our previous valuation; we therefore believe that the worst-case scenario we applied to Net's 2023 business plan targets is no longer justified. The numbers will incorporate remarkable growth starting from 2021, when, we believe, the "start-up" phase is likely to be concluded and the financial statements are expected to improve materially, mainly thanks to the new profitable business and to the management team's skills. We also remind readers that the group could still recover c. EUR 15m from the legal actions related to the defrauded assets, which had been discovered in 2019. This amount is on top of the business plan targets and our valuation and it could be a capital and cash buffer in the medium-long term. We increase our TP to EUR 7.6 from EUR 5.5 and we upgrade the stock to Buy from Accumulate.

- ✓ The FY 20 results were overall better than Net's business plan targets, with
 a normalised net profit which was adjusted for the non-recurring items
 from the recovery of the defrauded assets and from the COVID-19 costs of
 c. EUR 7.6m vs EUR 7m in 2019 and vs EUR 6.3m in Net's plan. The gross
 written premiums closed at EUR 117.7m vs EUR 84.4m in 2019 (EUR
 112.9m in the plan), mainly thanks to all the business lines, which have all
 already been started, and considering that c. 70% was still strictly related to
 the CQS segment.
- ✓ The net technical result totalled c EUR 10.1m vs EUR 7.8m in 2019 and EUR 6.6m previously expected, also thanks to a better CoR (70% vs 80% in the plan, net of reinsurance). In more detail, the loss ratio improved to 41% from 44% in 2019 and the expense ratio closed at 29% vs 33% in 2019.
- ✓ Thanks to the capital generation and to the conservative dividend policy, the SII Ratio ought to reach 165% / 180% throughout the plan, after the resiliency it has shown in 2020 (177.2% vs 165.7% in 2019), which was a tad higher than the 175% expected by Net. The ratio testified to the resiliency of the capital position, also in difficult times, and not considering any further recovery from the well-known litigation on the defrauded assets.
- ✓ Overall, Net has confirmed its business plan targets which are almost in line with our current expectations: net profit adj. 2019-2023 CAGR of c. 21% with a 2023 net profit adj. of c. EUR 17.1m (EUR 17.5m in Net's numbers). The ROE Adj. is seen at c. 16.5% in 2023 from 10% recorded in 2020, while the 2021-2023 average dividend yield is expected at c. 4.5% in the meantime.
- ✓ We deem the value creation opportunity still stems from: 1) a resilient and improvable salary/pension-backed loans business. The solid background in this business, along with the new competences provided, are the premises to streamline and to further develop the existing portfolio, as well as its technical performance; 2) the Non-Life bancassurance market trend, which offers very interesting growth and profitability perspectives; 3) the management team's expertise, know-how and business relationships are at the core of the overall development strategy; 4) an "insurtech" approach that will embrace the entire plan period (2019-2023) and could be crucial in the development also abroad.

Produced by:





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Valuation

Based on our Valuation models, we come to an equity value of EUR 140m. We have based Net Insurance's equity valuation on a distributable income model and on a Gordon approach, considering that there is no real competitor in Italy or abroad. We obtain a new TP of EUR 7.6 from the previous of EUR 5.5. We upgrade the stock to a Buy from an Accumulate rating on the stock.

We have used a cost of equity of 9.5% (10%). We cautiously assumed a 1.2 (1.3) Beta to calculate the cost of equity. Indeed, starting from the average 2-year weekly Beta of 0.87 obtained from Bloomberg and calculated considering the main Italian listed companies (Generali, Cattolica and UnipolSai), we decided to go on to apply a sort of adjustment, although it is bit lower than our previous valuation, in order to consider the risk implied in the business development, which is still in its early stages. We also applied a perpetual growth rate "q" of 0% (0%).

COE calculation

Free Risk Rate (FRR)	3.5%
Company Risk Factor or Beta (CRF)	1.20
Market Risk Premium (MRP)	5.0%
Cost of Equity (COE)	9.5%

Source: Banca Akros estimates

We have relaxed our previous hypothesis on the cost of capital and on the 2023 net profit we expect, which is now in line with Net's plan after we had applied a 20% discount in our previous valuation. Indeed, after the 2020 results, which beat both our estimates and the plan targets despite the COVID-19 pandemic, we believe that the worst-case scenario we have applied to Net's 2023 business plan targets is no longer justified. The numbers will incorporate remarkable growth starting from 2021, when we believe the "start-up" phase is likely to be concluded and the financial statements are expected to improve materially, mainly thanks to the new profitable business and to the management team's skills.

We also remind readers that the group could still **recover c. EUR 15m** from the legal actions related to the defrauded assets discovered in 2019. This amount is **on top of the business plan targets and our valuation** and it could be a **capital and cash buffer** in the mediumlong term.





Distributable income model valuation

To value Net Insurance using a distributable income model we considered: 1) the explicit net profit and solvency ratio forecasts for 2021-2023; 2) the excess capital vs. a minimum solvency ratio of 170% (consistent with a sort of tolerance level we consider safe to avoid any capital management actions) to calculate the potential distributable excess capital at the end of 2023; 3) the terminal value in 2023 calculated considering the net profit we achieved in our explicit estimates.

Distributable income model

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Dividends	-	1.3	2.8	4.4	6.8
NPV of Dividends			2.6	3.7	5.3
Sum of NPV of Dividends - (A)			11.6		
Own Funds	66.4	84.2	109.2	114.8	123.1
SCR	40.1	47.5	61.9	66.4	71.5
Solvency Ratio	166%	177%	177%	173%	172%
Current excess capital	26.3	36.7	47.4	48.4	51.6
Solvency Target			170%	170%	170%
Excess Capital Target			7%	3%	2%
Distributable Excess Capital			4	2	2
Discounted Excess Capital@2023 - (B)			6.7		
Discounted Excess Capital & NPV of Dividends – (A) + (B)			18.3		
Net Profit @ 2023					17.1
Terminal Value			179.6		
Discounted Terminal Value – (C)			127.8		
Value of Minorities @BV			0		
Equity Value – (A)+(B)+(C)			146.1		

Source: Banca Akros estimates

Using this method, we estimate an equity value of c. EUR 146m.

Gordon model valuation

We also applied a Gordon model to the group's financials. In order to calculate the equity value, we considered the average for of the present value of the equity value we estimated for the period 2021-2023. We underline that, based on our hypothesis, the business development ought to reach its full potential in 2023.

Gordon Model

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Book Value	71.8	79.8	88.1	98.2	108.5
Intangible	2.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Net income	7.0	7.6	11.1	14.5	17.1
TBV	69.2	74.8	83.1	93.2	103.5
ROTE	11.5%	10.6%	14.0%	16.4%	17.4%
Equity Value - (ROTE-g)/(Ke-g) x TBV	83.5	83.1	122.6	161.4	189.0
Equity @ valuation date			114.5	137.7	147.2

Source: Banca Akros estimates

Using this method, we estimate an equity value of c. EUR 133m.





By applying the simple average to the equity values obtained with the foregoing two models, we calculate an equity value of EUR 140m, which implies the following multiples:

Multiples implied in our equity value

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
P/BV	1.9	1.7	1.6	1.4	1.3
P/E adj.	19.9	18.3	12.6	9.6	8.1

Source: Banca Akros estimates

Multiple comparison

It must be underlined that a peer comparison is not so simple in Italy or abroad and could be misleading. Each company has its own peculiarities in terms of products, asset mix, strategy, network structure and so on. Furthermore, no insurance companies' core business is focused on the same market niches as the credit insurance business, which is linked to salary/pension backed loans and/or bancassurance.

On the basis of our valuation, the **company doesn't seem expensive** with regard to the 2022 P/E adj. multiple, which is in line with the Italian peer median, but with a **more profitable business mix** and a **less volatile capital position**.

Italian insurance multiples

	P/E Adj.			
Company	2021	2022		
ASSICURAZIONI GENERALI	10.1	9.6		
UNIPOLSAI ASSICURAZIONI SPA	9.8	10.2		
CATTOLICA ASSICURAZIONI SC	6.8	6.6		
MEDIAN	9.8	9.6		

Source: Bloomberg

Main investment risks

Here we underline what we consider are the most significant risks:

- Macroeconomic risk: any worsening in the macroeconomic scenario in Italy could
 increase the frequency of claims linked to the unemployment rate and/or quicken the
 tightening of the credit cycle, thus impacting the salary/pension-backed loan volumes;
- Italian government bond exposure: the group's capital position, like any other insurer, is linked to the creditworthiness of the Italian state, and any potential worsening of its credit risk could worsen the capital position, as could any tightening of the rules on the possession of government bonds;
- **Execution risk:** the reshaping and the enlargement of the offer in the bancassurance and broker segments could require more time or be less intense than planned, due to possible delays in signing and/or in implementing the new agreements;
- Digitalisation and increased competition: the new technologies could support the
 entrance of new competitors. The competitive pressure is also very high in the non-life
 bancassurance business, mainly from consolidated and bigger banks and financial
 groups, with a possible decrease in tariffs that could partially offset the development
 expected in volumes;
- Regulatory risks: the group is exposed to changes in the legal and regulatory framework, as far as the capital and CQS business are concerned.





The strategic pillars were confirmed

After the presentation of its 2020 results, Net **confirmed** its **business plan targets** and its previous **strategic guidelines**.

Net Insurance aims to set up the first Italian non-life innovative insurance player by leveraging on Net Insurance's previous niche market (salary-backed loans) and on the management's background and track record in the independent open-platform bancassurance segment, as well as on the underpenetrated and attractive Italian P&C market, also by riding the wave of the disruptive insurtech segment.

The financial resources from Archimede SPAC, which were put into the merged entity, will fund the strategic plan and growth, thus **restoring and preserving a solid capital position** at the same time, despite the well-known fraud discovered last year.

Net Insurance's future growth is based on the following key strategies.

CQS: a growing market ahead

Net Insurance has a **stable market share** of between 25% and 30%. The reference credit market is growing and is **expected to grow in the medium term**, also thanks to the regulation.

As a matter of fact, ECOFIN has approved a number of **amendments to the Capital Requirements Regulation** (CRR), including the reduction to 35%, from the current 75%, of the risk weighting for loans secured by one fifth of salaries (CQS) or pensions (CQP). This is positive news for the CQS business, whose volumes could be underpinned by the higher **convenience of the products in terms of capital absorption**.

Furthermore, we believe there are still good opportunities considering that CQS are secure products with an appealing risk-reward profile and with a lower default rate in the midterm perspective. Despite the uncertain scenario, the risk of claims (unemployment and demographic) is manageable considering that most of the business in force is reinsured, has limited exposure to the sector most hurt by the pandemic and is well diversified. The loan portfolio is also partially hedged thanks to the reinsurance (c. 2/3 of the portfolio), to the severance indemnities ("TFR") and considering that Net convers the unemployment and not the furlough claims ("Cassa Integrazione"). Furthermore, Net's new business was quickly adapted to the new market conditions with the aim to safeguard the future profitability.

The starting point of the whole strategic plan will be the company's **focus on Net Insurance's previous core business** in order to:

- Restructure Net Insurance's previous core business must be reshaped, through indepth fine-tuning, by carrying out further portfolio pruning and optimising and strengthening the technical reserves, if and when needed. In this initial stage, all efforts will converge on technical performance optimisation, maintaining the current premium almost stable and cutting the non-operating costs. On the assets side, the non-core activities will be reorganised, while the group's asset allocation ought to be optimised. The business review cannot stray from the rethinking of the internal organisation to shape it properly in order to face the next level of development;
- Development the new management team's skills, track record and networking will be crucial in developing and setting up new distribution agreements on CQS with new partners and in improving and revamping the business quality of the existing agreements, while leveraging on a still solid capital position and, at the same time, on greater bargaining power. On the organisation side, the business development may also require implementation, maybe also in outsourcing to other strategic partners, of a shared service centre, for example for analytics, credit collection and claims management, in order to improve the service core competencies.

Net's main action points and goals are the following:





- Important organisational reorganisation (separation between business area and operations area) and review of the processes: the main target is to consolidate the leadership (market share steadily above 25%) and ensure high quality standards and service specialisation;
- Repricing, by introducing different charging levels and new criteria of risk selection (e.g. tele-underwriting): the main goal is to increase the level of business profitability (product and technical profitability) and protection against fraud (e.g. tele-underwriting in the retired sector);
- Numerous technical roundtables have been started with partners to offer targeted and
 personalised commercial solutions: the main target is to improve customer satisfaction
 (from the partner side), to develop the relationship and to increase the quality of the
 risks assumed (from Net's side).

Bancassurance: an underpenetrated and profitable segment

The Bancassurance distribution channel has had the highest growth rate in recent years. It still has **significant growth potential**, especially in the Non-Motor segment. Compared to other European countries, Italian **Non-Life distribution still looks very conventional**, with huge growth opportunities for channels other than agents, which have lost ground since 2013.

In the last couple of years, the most important Italian banks, like Banca Intesa and BBPM (which signed a partnership agreement with Cattolica Assicurazioni), financial groups (like Poste Italiane) or diversified insurance companies (like UnipolSai) have decided to push on the Non-Auto business much more due to its interesting profitability and to the need to underpin their revenues, which are still suffering from the modest NII. At the moment, the Italian small-to-mid-sized banks are also extremely interested in developing the bancassurance channel, attracted by its margins and by the still favourable growth prospects, also considering the still low interest rates.

The attractiveness of the Italian Non-Life business (Non-Motor) - due to its degree of underdevelopment compared to other European countries, its traditional distribution model, based mainly on insurance's agencies and its very interesting growth rate and profitability - is the premise to create an independent and open Non-Life bancassurance platform, mainly dedicated to small-to-mid-sized banks and financial institutions.

The main pillars of Net's strategy are the following:

- Distribution capacity build-up once again the new management team's thorough knowledge of the banking sector and their track record will be crucial in signing and setting up promising distribution agreements with new partners. It is also worth underlining that in order to build up the distribution capacity, the company will also have to rely on cross-selling and leverage on the existing distribution agreements, which will be improved and enlarged to other non-life products, in addition to the traditional core business (CQS).
- Offering and "service-machine" set-up the development of an innovative Non-Life bancassurance business cannot but include a consideration of the introduction of new products, also drawing on the know-how of other insurance companies. The business plan provides for the setting up of new non-life policies for retail and family (like Home, Health, Pets, Travel, Assistance & Legal, General TPL) as well as an ad-hoc multi-risk product targeted at SMEs. The new portfolio will also leverage on bundling offers with banking, credit and financial products as well as proposing a pure cross selling offering. In order to support the reshaping of the offer, the business plan includes the adoption of some organisational improvements like the creation of a dedicated commercial/channel assistance business unit as well as hiring highly skilled managerial and operating staff. The "new" product portfolio should also be combined with an excellent service. The plan includes the creation of the necessary devoted service structure, starting from the existing ICT & Operation assets. New channels, new products and new customers will be supported by the implementation of innovative processes and by some new industrial service-partnerships (i.e.





assistance, call & contact centres, claims management, customer care...etc.). To conclude, the strategy will also promote a **full paperless or digital approach** to the bancassurance business, inside and outside the organisation.

Overall, the development of Net's Bancassurance segment has been **faster than previously expected**. At the moment, the group has some partnerships with **institutions of national and regional importance**.

Bancaassurance partners - a snapshot













2020











Source: company presentation

<u>In **2019**:</u>

- Net Insurance announced it had signed two 10-year distribution agreements with "Cassa di Risparmio di Bolzano" (Sparkasse), the aim being to start a long-term strategic partnership in non-motor insurance and in the protection business, both for private and corporate customers. The sale launch date was 3rd May 2019. We remind readers that Cassa di Risparmio di Bolzano has more than 100 branches in one of the most attractive areas in Italy;
- Net Insurance signed a new ten-year agreement with Banca Popolare di Puglia e Basilicata. The five-year agreement, renewable for a further 5 years, will focus on the Non-Auto business. Banca Popolare di Puglia has c. 100 branches at the moment. The sale launch is due in the first half of July.
- Net Insurance and IBL Banca, which is already one of Net Insurance's historic
 partners and a leader in financing through salary- backed or pension-backed loans,
 are strengthening their cooperation though a Protection insurance policies
 distribution agreement through IBL Assicura, a subsidiary of IBL Banca. Net
 Insurance's products, in particular personal and home insurance policies, are going
 to be distributed by IBL Assicura through its 53 bank branches nationwide, and
 through the exclusive agents' and insurance brokers' indirect network.

In **2020**:

- The company signed a distribution agreement with Banca Popolare S. Angelo. The
 agreement envisages the distribution of some specific products with a focus on
 SMEs, the agricultural business and the travel services and digital products.
- Net signed an agreement with **Banca Popolare Pugliese regarding** the Non-Life business linked to the agricultural segment with the aim to meet SMEs' needs.
- Net Insurance signed a new distribution agreement with Banca Popolare del Lazio, which envisages the distribution of Non-Auto products targeting the Italian families.





Banca Popolare del Lazio will distribute a credit protection product on the bank's loans alongside an insurance product focused on the agricultural risks. In June 2020, Net has also extended the agreement to **Banca Svilupo Tuscia**, which is controlled by Banca Popolare del Lazio. The new agreement envisages the offer of a product for the agriculture risks alongside with a credit protection product linked to the banks' loans.

 Banco Desio Group: Net and Banca Desio signed a distribution partnership in the P&C Non-Auto and Protection segments. The agreement with Banco Desio lasts 5 years and we estimate it could generate premiums for c. EUR 30m.

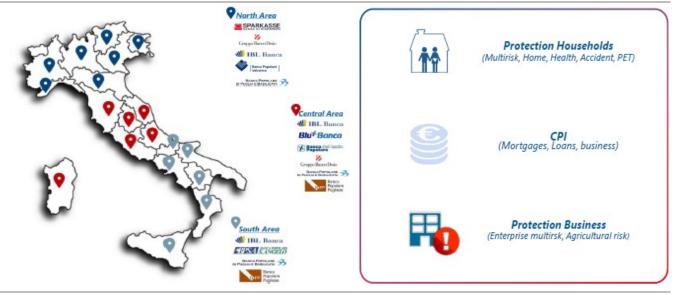
In 2021:

Net signed a new distribution agreement with Banca Popolare Valconca. The new
agreement aims to distribute Non-Auto P&C products (pet insurance, dental
insurance, policies covering the agricultural risks, key-man insurance for companies)
through the bank's branches in the regions of Emilia Romagna and Marche.

We remind readers that **Cassa di Risparmio di Bolzano**, **Banca Popolare di Puglia e Basilicata** and **IBL Banca** are shareholders of Net Insurance with a stake of c. 4%, c. 1% and c. 22%, respectively.

After the agreements signed in the last couple of years, Net can count on a **distribution network of c. 650 branches**. Some further agreements are also already in pipeline.

Coverage Product offer



Source: company presentation

Source: company presentation



Brokers: another opportunity to further diversify the distribution

In order to further diversify the distribution channels and to cover other niches or business segments with a higher degree of flexibility, the project provides for the development of well-known and proven intermediaries like brokers.

- **Distribution capacity build-up** like in the development of the bancassurance channel, building up the capacity will imply the **setting up of some agreements** with selected brokers with a distribution network structure, specific skills and/or expertise. Based on the strategy, selection and management of this channel will also be supported by hiring or partnering with specialists.
- Offering and "service-machine" set-up setting the offer and the service structures will be done by extracting synergies from what has already been set up for the bancassurance channel, but with a more flexible approach. An innovative credit protection related product (rent protection) is already available, as is an agricultural product with a strong reinsurance protection.

Several negotiations are underway with medium-sized brokers:

- In May 2019, Net Insurance announced it had signed a distribution agreement with
 the broker Vitanuova to distribute Net's products through more than 300 of
 Vitanuova's advisors. Net's products will be addressed to the protection of Family
 and Heritage and the offer will soon be enriched with the introduction of an innovative
 health policy.
- In January 2021, ForGreen Spa, Net Insurance and Axieme Srl, which is an
 innovative social digital broker, started a new partnership with the launch of the policy
 ForGreen Protection. Net Insurance's ForGreen Protection policy, reserved for the
 beneficial ForGreen Spa, aims to offer a digitalised and "tailor-made" service, offering
 a revolutionary and collective product that provides support for the payment of
 invoices of 100% renewable electricity supply, in case of professional and extraprofessional accidents, illness or loss of employment.

Digital Innovation & Insurtech will embrace the whole plan period

To conclude, the strategic plan emphasises the role the new technologies will play in the future of the Insurance industry, considering that the sector, like Fintech and Mobile banking some years ago, is still **in its technological infancy**. It's impossible to find an industry that has not been **materially transformed** by the introduction of technology and data usage, and a move forward in this field will undoubtedly be a competitive advantage.

This strategic phase will **embrace the whole plan period** (2018-2022) with the aim to permeate the entire organisation and the whole value chain with an insurtech approach. The journey could be simplified by two core guidelines/stages of the **innovation model**:

- 1. Starting as an add-on/cross selling on the client base to improve towards a mixed "Open-platform core-satellite" innovation model, with the aim to enhance all the business lines and services (e.g. the front end, the data analysis and the product offer as a whole):
- 2. **Stand-alone development** after the plan period (2023) starting a business line which can guarantee the growth in the long term. Net has also already introduced an insurtech catalogue in order to test the market and to pave the way for this step of the strategy.

The drivers of this ambitious strategic objective are:

Setting up a continuous innovation model – the first step will be to **introduce technology** at every stage of the value chain in order to improve the efficiency and efficacy of the offer. A trial and error approach and the learning-by-doing strategy will be the mantras, along with the mixed "open platform core-satellite" innovation model.





Innovative distribution channel support – technology will support the analysis of the customer base, with the aim to enhance the targeting process and the market psychographic segmentation, also thanks to contextual information gathering through mobile apps. Particular attention will be given to **Text Messages**, through the introduction of a smart front-end in order to sell standardised products. On the **CQS** side, the company will introduce an innovative **CQS multi-year selling proposition** thanks to apps and web applications that will provide clients with a simple and flexible self-service post sales service.

Insurtech-enabled products – the offer will immediately be enriched by the introduction of a new" **connected-home**" product and by the add-on **mobile instant insurance** proposition.

Furthermore, new **interactive ways of networking** for customers will be developed, alongside the whole relationship/product lifecycle.

Bancassurance platform – the last driver of the strategic objective will be to position the bancassurance platform in order to attract **fintech newcomers** in Italy, as well as to develop the **incidental channel business**. The platform could also be very attractive for players that want to develop partnerships in order to enhance their positioning on high value-added channels and products.

Net Insurance acquired a stake in **Yolo Group** and signed a distribution agreement with it. Yolo is one of the best insurtech companies in Italy. The total consideration for the deal was c. EUR 1.2m through Yolo's two-tranche capital increase. Net owns a c. 10% stake in Yolo now. Net Insurance will also have access to Yolo's wide digital marketplace, the aim being to improve and develop it and offer innovative insurance products. The partnership has been consolidated also thanks to the distribution of white-label products on **Intesa Sanpaolo's network**. The agreement with Yolo could be crucial for Net's **medium-long term development abroad**, **firstly in Spain** where the company has started a pilot project with the introduction of the **PET policies**. Net's management believes Net could also consider expanding **into other European markets**, always through digital partnerships and thanks to the scalability of the digital offer.

Net and **Neosurance** also entered into a new partnership and an instant bike product has been in place since May 2019. Net also aims to **acquire minority shareholdings** in digital and/or insurtech business partners, like marketplace, data analytics, claims tool and Instant Insurance engine, a total investment of up to EUR 3-4m over the plan period.

Net's digital/insurtech product range



Source: company presentation

NET will progressively **complete the product range** (e.g., Pet, Shared mobility, device protection), strengthening and innovating its value proposition. Net already has in place some





important partnerships with PayDo (digital system payment through Plick) and with MotionsCloud in the claim management field.

In 2020:

- Net Insurance announced a new agreement with Nexi. In more detail, Net will become a partner of Nexi Open, which is Nexi's digital open banking service platform launched in April 2020. Thanks to this agreement, Nexi will offer Net's innovative insurance services to its bank partners, which could offer focused, real time and digital insurance products to their clients. In this way, the banks' clients can immediately buy a temporary insurance policy, focused on their needs and linked to the product and/or service bought (e.g. sport, events, travels, mobility, baggage, etc...).
- The company signed a **new partnership with Fabrick**, which is the first Italian company focused on the open banking business. Fabrick is the first structured company created in Italy with the clear objective of promoting open banking. Fabrick's mission is to support meeting and collaboration between new fintech firms, large corporate entities and traditional players in the world of finance, by involving them, based on open banking, in designing the future of the sector, by leveraging the new paradigms dictated by technological innovation and generating practical advantages for all. Fabrick enables and promotes new growth models for banks, start-ups and companies, by facilitating collaboration and dialogue and creating growth opportunities, thanks to the expertise, technologies and services that it provides to all players through its technological platform and the real ecosystem of relationships and cultural synergies, which it has created and fosters around itself.

Net Insurance has chosen to integrate Fabrick's Payment & Collection Engine solution in its systems, hence adopting the widest possible selection of electronic payment instruments, optimising and automating the payment process and reconciliation of said payment, thanks to centralised upstream controlled management. The solution is designed to bring added value to the entire chain and allow the automatic splitting of payments between the players involved, the splitting of premiums, distance sales and direct crediting to the company's accounts. Irrespective of the channel used for the purchase and the method of payment for the policy by the customer, Payment & Collection Engine carries out the automatic reconciliation on the insurance company's accounts: the flow is fully automated and processes are optimised. Net Insurance is also the first company to employ an Account Aggregation solution, which will enable it to optimis the relationship with the various banks with which it operates. Thanks to Fabrick's capacity to access the operations of the company's current accounts and those of the intermediaries of the distribution network, the insurance company is able to view all movements from a single platform.

Through the new agreement, **Net will optimise the internal processes, expanding its offer to the market** at the same time. In fact, thanks to the implementation of the Payment & Collection Engine, Net will respond effectively to the need that has always been a hallmark of the insurance world, i.e. managing premium income and reconciling the policies subscribed through the various networks.

We also remind readers that some distribution agreements with some **Italian utilities** are on the cards and are likely to be signed soon, with the aim to **leverage their big customer base.**

Other development options ahead

The business model could also generate other additional development options.

Net Insurance and the **Italian Association of Referees** have signed a new **official sponsorship agreement** to last from 1st July 2019 until 2023. The contract envisages Net





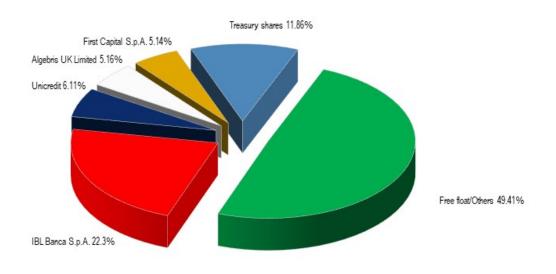
Insurance's name on the shirts of over 30k Italian referees (more than 600k official matches each year) with the aim to improve **Net Insurance's brand name this is a negative word! and awareness**, which are two of the main qualitative targets of the plan.

Net's offer could also be enriched by the introduction of some **protection collective policies** like Long Term Care or offering business under the freedom to **provide digital services**. Furthermore, Net could offer its products through other channels like the **financial advisor networks**.

Main shareholders in a nutshell

We remind readers that Net's capital is owned by a **stable and diversified group of industrial partners**, such as banks, insurance companies and investment funds, which oversee and support the business.

Net's shareholders



Source: Banca Akros; company data

IBL Banca, the Italian market leader in the salary-backed loan business, is Net's main shareholder with a 22.3% stake, which has recently been increased from the previous 19.85%. The other main shareholders are **Unicredit** (6.11%), **Algebris** (5.16%) and **First Capital S.p.A.** (5.14%).





Financials

FY 20 was a bit better than both our and Net's previous estimates

As far as the **COVID-19** pandemic is concerned, the financial and economic impacts were manageable and the business plan targets have been confirmed, as well as the strategic guidelines. The **SII ratio** has been resilient and the strategic trends are well on-track, also thanks to Net's distribution network, which can rely on 650 bank branches.

The FY 20 results were overall better than Net's business plan targets and our expectations. The normalised net profit, which was adjusted for the non-recurring items related to the recovery of the defrauded assets and for the COVID-19 negative items, closed at EUR 7.6m vs EUR 7.0m in 2019 and vs EUR 6.3m in Net's plan.

The **gross written premiums** closed at EUR 117.7m, up by c. 39.5% Y/Y and better than the EUR 112.9m expected in the plan, mainly thanks to all the business lines, which are growing very well with evident recovery since May 2020. We underline that c. 70% of the GWP is still related to the CQS business, while the remaining 70% is related to the other business areas; the bancassurance volumes recorded sizeable growth in 2020, mainly thanks to agreements signed recently.

Furthermore, Net has **more than 459k portfolio positions**, of which c. 89k new clients were acquired in 2020.

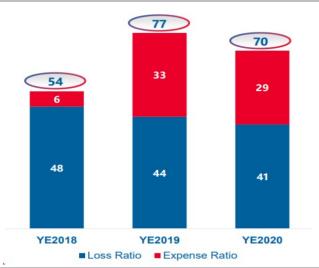
FY 20 results

	2018A	2019A	2020A	Ch.% Y/Y
Gross written premiums	62.3	84.4	117.7	+39.5%
Operating expenses	12.9	10.1	11.2	+11.2%
Net technical result	8.6	7.8	10.1	+29.5%
Net profit	4.1	12.5	6.5	-47.7%
Normalized net profit	6.7	7.0	7.6	+8.6%
Shareholders' Equity	53.8	71.8	79.7	+11.0%
CoR (net reinsurance)	54%	77%	70%	-7рр
SII ratio	162.9%	165.7%	177.2%	+11.4pp

Source: company presentation - (*) The FY 19 target, net of the one-off items related to the defrauded assets, has been fully achieved

The **net technical result** totalled c EUR 10.1m vs EUR 7.8m in 2019 and EUR 6.6m previously expected, also thanks to a better **CoR** (70% vs 80% in the plan). In more detail, the **loss ratio** improved to 41% from 44% in 2019 and the **expense ratio closed** at.29% vs 33% in 2019.

CoR (net of reinsurance) evolution



Source: company presentation



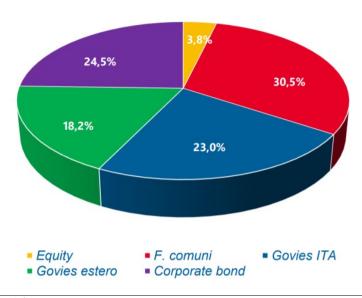


After the decline from 178m to EUR 167m in 2019, mainly due to the pay-back of some reinsurance deposits (EUR 17.9m), which were particularly expensive, the **total financial assets** increased to c. EUR 177.5m in 2020, mainly thanks to the 2020 net inflows and to the portfolio revaluation driven by the market performance.

The **asset allocation** is in line with the plan and highly diversified: Italian government bonds weigh for c. 23%, equity for c. 3.8% and corporate bonds c. 24.5%; the **duration** ought to be c. 3 years, while the **bond portfolio** is composed of **c. 80% of investment grade** bonds. The **financial result** amounted to EUR 2.2m vs EUR 1.9m last year. The more limited exposure to the Italian government bond risk, the higher resilience to the spread volatility and the better diversification are likely to underpin the **total return** of the portfolio, smoothing the **risk** and the **capital absorption** at the same time.

The **DPS** has been set at EUR 0.083, a bit better than we estimated.

Asset allocation



Source: company presentation

Business plan targets have been confirmed despite the still uncertain scenario

Overall, Net **confirmed its business plan targets**. The **mood of the conference call** to comment the 2020 results was positive and the message was reassuring.

Net's 2021 – 2023 plan sets the following **financial targets**, which **do not include any recovery from the ongoing litigation** but only the costs incurred.

2021-2023 Targets - EUR m

	2018	2019	2020	2021 E	2022 E	2023 E
GWP	62.3	84.4	117.7	134.0	153.0	170.3
Net Technical Result	8.9	7.8	10.1	12.7	n.a.	19.7
Net Profit	4.1	12.5	6.5	11.0	n.a.	17.5
Normalized Net Profit	6.7	7.0	7.6	11.3	14.2	17.5
Shareholder Equity	53.8	71.8	79.7	71.5	n.a.	92.0
ROE - %	11.3	19.7	8.6	14.6	n.a.	20.2
CoR (Gross of Reinsurance) - %	77.9	85.9	89.0	84.5	83.7	81.4
SII Ratio - %	162.9	165.6	177.2	~ 165-175	n.a.	~ 170-180
Dividend pay-out - % *	-	-	20.0	25.0	30.0	40.0

Source: company data; Banca Akros - * If SCR Ratio ≥ 150%





The **gross written premiums** are seen at c. EUR 170m in 2023, growing at a 2019-2023 CAGR of c. 22%, mainly thanks to the new business related to the agreements in place.

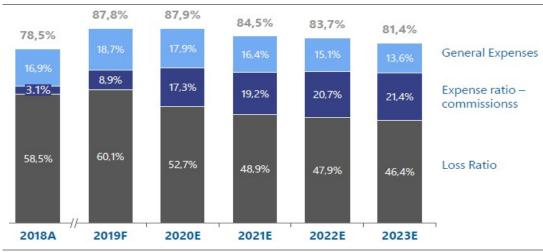
GWP development



Source: company presentation

The **technical profitability** is expected to improve year after year. The net technical result is seen around EUR 20m in 2023 from c. EUR 7.8m in 2019, mainly thanks to the decline the company expects in the **CoR**, which ought to achieve 81.4% in 2023 from 85.9% in 2019. The improvement will be driven by the **excellent profitability from the bancassurance products** and by the **decrease in the loss ratio** as an effect of the strong increase Net expects in gross written premiums.

2018 - 2023 CoR development



Calculated on earned premiums, gross of reinsurance - Source: company presentation

The improvement in the technical profitability, along with the streamlining of the investment portfolio, will push the **normalised net profit** to c. EUR 17.5m in 2023 from EUR 7.0m in 2019 and EUR 7.6m in 2020.



2021 - 2023 Normalised net profit evolution was confirmed



Source: company presentation

Solvency well above 150% throughout the plan

Thanks to the capital generation and to the conservative dividend policy, the Solvency Ratio ought to reach 165% / 180% throughout the plan, after the resiliency it showed in 2020, closing at 177.2% (165.7% in 2019), which is a tad higher than the 175% expected by Net. The ratio testified to the resiliency of the capital position, also in difficult times, and not considering any further recovery from the well-known litigation on the defrauded assets.

On the capital side, it is also worth noting:

- In August 2020, the rating agency A.M. Best gave Net a long-term issuer credit rating of bbb- with stable outlook. In more detail, the rating agency has also given Net a financial strength rating of B+. According to A.M. Best, the rating is consistent with Net's strong balance sheet as well as with its suitable ERM. Net's market capitalisation has improved and the last two-year economic performances were good, as well as its underwriting results. The rating agency estimates that Net's future technical performances will be increasingly stable, mainly thanks to the development of the new business lines; furthermore, Net can count on the high reputation and experience of its management team. According to A.M. Best, the 2019 business is still concentrated in the CQS segment with a high use of the reinsurance, although the reinsurance companies which work with Net have an excellent credit profile;
- In December 2020, Net Insurance announced the issue of a **subordinated convertible bond** for a total amount of EUR 5m. The bond has a10-year duration and a semi-annual coupon, as well as the issuer's right to premature redemption twice a year up to the fifth year. As far as the SII ratio is concerned, the bond could be considered a Tier2 capital instrument and we estimate it has **improved the SII ratio by c. 5pp**.

Our FY 2020/23 estimates

Our estimates consider **all the strategic guidelines** in the project. We have estimated **net premiums** increasing by a CAGR 2019-2023 of c. 30% based on the following assumptions:

The strong development in the bancassurance agreements in the P&C segment, as
well as in the broker retail channel from 2019, thanks to the new business we expect.
The potential for these two markets is justified by the still low market share and by the
efforts the new management team is making to put them in place and to exploit their
business connections and experience;





- The almost flat premiums in the core business are linked to CQS, mainly due to the
 optimisation of the current portfolio and to our cautious approach, considering this credit
 insurance product is closely linked to the credit cycle and to the macroeconomic
 scenario;
- **Insurtech's** contribution may not become evident, though still negligible, until the end of 2022;
- The progressive decrease in the portion of premiums transferred to reinsurers, related to the different business mix going forward.

Consolidated P&L

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E	CAGR19-23
Gross earned premiums	80.8	106.7	122.0	145.0	155.0	18.9%
- growth rate	23.7%	32.1%	14.4%	18.9%	6.9%	28.8%
Premiums transferred under reinsurance	-47.5	-60.3	-66.2	-68.5	-73.2	11.1%
- on gross earned premiums	-58.9%	-56.6%	-54.2%	-47.2%	-47.2%	-6.5%
Net premiums	33.2	46.3	55.8	76.5	81.8	30.0%
Net claims paid	-16.6	-25.1	-25.2	-30.1	-30.6	23.6%
- on net premiums	49.9%	54.2%	45.1%	39.3%	37.4%	-4.9%
Net income from investments	2.0	-7.6	2.0	2.1	2.6	89.4%
- on avg. Investments	1.1%	-4.4%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%	79.9%
Operating expenses	-20.5	-28.9	-32.5	-45.3	-48.0	30.7%
Commissions received from reinsurers	10.4	18.1	16.4	18.4	19.7	11.7%
EBT	15.8	8.9	16.5	21.6	25.5	32.4%
Taxes	-3.4	-2.4	-5.5	-7.1	-8.4	31.3%
Tax rate	-21.3%	-27.3%	-33.0%	-33.0%	-33.0%	-0.9%
Net profit adjusted	7.0	7.6	11.1	14.5	17.1	20.6%

Source: Banca Akros estimates

We expect a **sizable improvement in technical results and profitability** with a technical result, net of net income from investments, of around EUR 22.9m at the end of 2023 from EUR 6.6m in 2019.

Technical result net of net income from investments

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E	CAGR19-23
Technical result	6.6	10.0	14.5	19.5	22.9	17.6%
Technical results / Net premiums	19.8%	21.7%	26.0%	25.5%	28.0%	n.m.

Source: Banca Akros estimates

At the same time, as far as **margins** are concerned, **CoR** is seen improving to 81.0% in 2023 from 85.9% in 2019 mainly thanks to the **loss ratio** (from 57.6% in 2019 to 50.0% in 2023) and despite the progressive worsening of the **expense ratio** (from 28.3% in 2019 to 31.0% in 2023) and due to the company growth.

CoR Analysis

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Loss Ratio	57.6%	55.0%	54.0%	53.0%	50.0%
Expense ratio	28.3%	34.0%	31.0%	31.0%	31.0%
CoR (Gross Reinsurance)	85.9%	89.0%	85.0%	84.0%	81.0%

Source: Banca Akros estimates

Along with the development of the top line we explained above, **our assumptions in estimating the abovementioned trend in profitability** could be summarised as follows:



- The improvement in the loss ratio. We expect lower implied claims going forward due
 to the new business, mainly coming from the bancassurance agreements, which ought
 to have a better loss ratio compared to the current business, which is still mainly focused
 on the CQS segment;
- The worsening of the expense ratio. We expect the start-up phase and the introduction
 of the new businesses to squeeze operating expenses (CAGR 2019-2023 of c. 31%),
 while the increase in commissions received from reinsurers (CAGR 2019-2023 c. 12%)
 ought to be more limited and mainly due to the optimisation of the company's current
 business and to the new business, mainly Non-Auto P&C, which usually has a lower
 reinsurance policy compared to the core business;

The **net income from investments** is estimated at EUR 2.6m in 2023 from EUR -7.6m (EUR 2.2m adjusted for the non-recurring items) in 2020, considering the expansion of investments, which we estimate are consistent with the evolution in premiums and technical reserves, and the stable **average yield on investments**, which we expect at 1.1% in 2023.

After applying a **stable tax rate** of around 33% in 2021-2023, we obtain an adjusted **net profit** of EUR 17.1m in 2023 from EUR 7.6m in 2020 (CAGR 2019-2023 c. 21%).

RoE adj. is seen improving consequently from 11.1% in 2019 to 16.5% at the end of 2023.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E	CAGR 19-23
Intangible assets	2.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	41.5%
Tangible assets	16.3	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	0.1%
Investments	167.0	176.8	184.9	212.3	242.0	6.3%
Other assets	73.6	95.5	84.7	77.7	57.0	-1.2%
Net Provisions	114.7	130.4	136.8	162.3	189.9	11.1%
Financial liabilities	15.5	20.1	19.5	19.5	19.5	5.8%
Other liabilities	57.5	62.8	46.1	30.8	2.0	-51.4%
Shareholders' equity	71.8	79.8	88.1	98.2	108.5	15.0%

Source: Banca Akros estimates

RoE & Dividend

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
ROE (adj.)	11.1%	10.0%	13.2%	15.6%	16.5%
Pay-out ratio	0.0%	20.0%	25.0%	30.0%	40.0%
Total Dividend	-	1.3	2.8	4.4	6.8

Source: Banca Akros estimates

Assuming a **pay-out ratio** of 40% in 2023, from 20% in 2020, and considering the capital injection resulting from the business combination, we believe the solvency ratio is likely to stay around 181% in 2023 thanks to the capital generation and although we have estimated the above-mentioned strong business expansion in 2019-2023.

Solvency ratio

	2019	2020	2021E	2022E	2023E
Solvency Ratio	165.7%	177.2%	176.6%	179.0%	180.6%

Source: Banca Akros estimates





SWOT analysis

STRENGTHS

- Strategy: low execution risk thanks to promoters' experience, track record, commitment and relationship networks;
- Stable and strong positioning in the core business of the insurers linked to salary/pension-backed loans;
- Diversified and outstanding partnerships, as well as shareholders, with some of the most important financial intermediaries;
- Clear and innovative approach to managing the digital transformation;
- Solid and strong capital position over the plan;

WEAKNESSES

- The project will take time to accomplish (from 2 to 4 years) and it could face some problems in achieving its targets;
- Current still small size of the Italian Non-Auto P&C market;
- Strategy strictly linked to the management team;
- Exposure to Italian sovereign credit risk with consequences on the capital position;

OPPORTUNITIES

- Attractiveness and profitability of the still underpenetrated Italian Non-Auto P&C business:
- Business diversification in other new complementary insurance lines of business or abroad;
- Opportunities to enter other attractive specialty finance business/ specialised financing mainly thanks to the open platform approach and insurtech;
- Competitive business model with potential M&A appeal in the medium term.

THREATS

- More aggressive competition both in credit and life insurance, linked to CQS and in bancassurance business, with pressure on pricing;
- Changes in industry regulation;
- Deterioration in the macroeconomic scenario with the worsening of the unemployment rate;
- Execution risk of the plan or delay in achieving the strategic guidelines;
- M&A in the mid-small Italian banks which are the main clients and targets of the project;
- Contraction of the salary/pension-backed loans market due to other credit restriction policies.





Upcoming Corporate Events Calendar

Q1 2021 Sales	2021Q1
nt Full Year 2020 Dividend Payment Date - Proposed EUR 0.08	2020
Full Year 2020 Ex-Dividend Date - Proposed EUR 0.08	2020
Full Year 2020 AGM & EGM - 2nd call if required] absentee vo	2020
	Full Year 2020 Ex-Dividend Date - Proposed EUR 0.08

Source: Precise





Net Insurance: Summary tables

PROFIT & LOSS (EURm)	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Life Gross Premiums	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Life Gross Premiums (APE) (1)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Life Gross Premiums	65.3	80.8	107	122	145	155
Total Reinsurance (Life & Non-Life)	-43.3	-47.5	-60.3	-66.2	-68.5	-73.2
Banking Interest Income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Banking Non Interest Income	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Insurance Investment Income	0.1	2.0	-7.6	2.0	2.1	2.6
Other Revenues	7.3	17.7	24.2	16.4	18.4	19.7
Total Net Revenues	29.4	52.9	63.0	74.2	97.0	104
Total Claims & Provisions	-10.6	-16.6	-25.1	-25.2	-30.1	-30.6
Operating Expenses	-12.6	-20.5	-28.9	-32.5	-45.3	-48.0
Life Insurance Technical Result	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Non-Life Insurance Technical Result	6.1	13.9	16.5	14.5	19.5	22.9
Pre-Tax Profit Insurance	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
o/w Pre-Tax Profit (Non-Life)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pre-Tax Profit Banking	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Earnings Before Interest & Tax (EBIT)	6.3	15.8	8.9	16.5	21.6	25.5
Paid interests on sub/hybrid debt	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tax	-2.2	-3.4	-2.4	-5.5	-7.1	-8.4
Tax rate	34.4%	21.3%	27.3%	33.0%	33.0%	33.0%
Discontinued Operations	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minorities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net Profit (Reported)	4.1	12.5	6.5	11.1	14.5	17.1
Net Profit (adj.)	6.7	7.0	7.6	11.1	14.5	17.1

BALANCE SHEET & OTHER ITEMS (EURm)	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Intangibles	0.9	2.6	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
of which Goodwill	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
of which Deferred Acquisition Costs (DAC)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Insurance Investments (Own Account)	178	167	177	185	212	242
of which Fixed Income	138	120	127	133	153	174
of which Equity	8.7	3.9	4.1	4.3	5.0	5.6
of which Real Estate	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
of which Other Investments	30.8	42.7	45.2	47.3	54.3	61.9
Unit-Linked Investments	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Banking Assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
of which Banking Interest Earnings Assets	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other Assets	76.4	89.9	111	101	93.6	72.9
Total Assets	255	260	293	290	311	320
Technical Provisions Life	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Technical Provisions Non-Life	112	115	130	137	162	190
Financial Debt (2)	0.1	0.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Sub/hybrid debt	14.6	14.7	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5
Other Liabilities	74.7	57.5	62.8	46.1	30.8	2.0
Banking Liabilities	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
of which Banking Interest Bearing Liabilities (IBL)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Shareholders Equity	53.8	71.8	79.8	88.1	98.2	108
Minorities Equity	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total Liabilities	255	260	293	290	311	320

GROWTH RATES	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Life Gross Premiums Growth						
Non-Life Gross Premiums Growth	1.9%	23.7%	32.1%	14.4%	18.9%	6.9%
Banking Revenue Growth						
EBIT Growth	+chg	153.0%	-43.5%	84.7%	31.0%	17.7%
Net Profit Growth (adj.)	48.1%	4.5%	8.6%	45.6%	31.0%	17.7%





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KEY RATIOS	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Insurance Investment Yield (average)	0.1%	1.1%	-4.4%	1.1%	1.1%	1.1%
ROE (adj.)	18.4%	11.1%	10.0%	13.2%	15.6%	16.5%
WACC (3)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expense Ratio (Life)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Expense Ratio (Non-Life)	6.0%	33.0%	29.0%	26.4%	26.4%	26.4%
Claims Ratio (Non-Life)	48.0%	44.0%	41.0%	40.3%	39.5%	37.3%
Combined Ratio (Non-Life)	-54.0%	-77.0%	-70.0%	-66.7%	-66.0%	-63.7%
Retention Ratio (Non-Life)	33.7%	41.1%	43.4%	45.8%	52.8%	52.8%
Reserving Ratio (Non-Life)	508.7%	345.4%	281.4%	245.0%	212.1%	232.3%
Cost/Income (Banking)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Loan Loss Provisions (Banking)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Solvency-Ratio (4)	162.9%	165.7%	177.2%	176.6%	179.0%	180.6%
Financial Leverage (5)	27.1%	20.5%	24.4%	22.1%	19.8%	18.0%

PER SHARE DATA (EUR)(6)	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Average diluted number of shares	17.0	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.3	18.3
EPS (reported)	0.24	0.68	0.36	0.61	0.79	0.93
EPS (adj.)	0.39	0.38	0.42	0.61	0.79	0.93
BVPS	3.16	3.92	4.36	4.82	5.37	5.93
ANAVPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
EbVPS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
DPS	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.15	0.24	0.37

VALUATION	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
P/Premiums	3.2	2.7	2.0	1.8	1.3	1.2
P/E (Reported)	17.4	7.7	14.8	9.4	7.2	6.1
P/E (adj.)	10.7	13.7	12.7	9.4	7.2	6.1
P/BV	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0
P/ANAV	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
P/EbV	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm
Payout ratio	0.0%	0.0%	19.5%	25.0%	30.0%	40.0%
Dividend Yield (gross)	0.0%	0.0%	1.5%	2.7%	4.2%	6.6%

PRICE & SHARES & MKT CAP (EURm)	12/2018	12/2019	12/2020	12/2021e	12/2022e	12/2023e
Price (7) (EUR)	4.2	5.3	5.3	5.7	5.7	5.7
Outstanding number of shares for main stock	16.9	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3	17.3
Total Market Cap (8)	70.9	91.0	91.2	98.8	98.8	98.8
Assets under management (9)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
NAV	53.8	71.8	79.8	88.1	98.2	108
Adjusted Net Asset Value (ANAV)	53.8	71.8	79.8	88.1	98.2	108.5

Source: Company, Banca Akros estimates

Notes

- (1) Annual Premium Equivalent (APE) is a measure of the amount of new business in an accounting period
- (2) Financial debt is operating financial debt net of subordinate/hybrid debt
- (3) The Cost of Debt is calculated only on subordinated and hybrid instruments
- (4) Solvency-one ratio = Capital available/Capital required under Solvency-one framework
- (5) Financial Leverage is (Subordinated + Hybrid instruments) / (ANAV + Minorities)
- (6) EPS (adj.) diluted= Net Profit (adj.)/Avg DIL. Ord. (+ Ord. equivalent) Shs. EPS (reported) = Net Profit reported/Avg DIL. Ord. (+ Ord. equivalent) Shs.
- (7) Price (in local currency): Fiscal year end price for Historical Years and Current Price for current and forecasted years
- (8) Total Market Cap includes also other categories of shares (preferred and/or savings)
- (9) Assets under management is third-party-assets excluding life separate accounts (e.g. unit/linked)

Sector: Insurance/Insurance

Company Description: Archimede S.p.A. is an Italian SPAC. It was listed on the AIM Italia segment of the Italian Stock Exchange in May 2018 and raised EUR 48m from the IPO. On 18th June 2018, Archimede S.p.A. and Net Insurance Group ("NET"), the Italian market leader in the insurance of salary and pension-backed loans, announced they had signed a binding framework agreement for a business combination involving the reverse merger of Archimede into NET





European Coverage of the Members of ESN

Aerospace & Defense	Mem(*)	Electronic & Electrical Eq.	Mem(*)	General Industrials	Mem(*)	Ctt	CBI
Avio	BAK	Rexel	CIC	Cembre	BAK	Insurance	Mem(*)
Leonardo	BAK	Fin. Serv. Holdings	Mem(*)	Sergeferrari Group	CIC	Axa	CIC
Alternative Energy	Mem(*)	Cir	BAK	Spie	CIC	Catalana Occidente	GVC
Encavis Ag	CIC	Corp. Financiera Alba	GVC	General Retailers	Mem(*)	Cattolica Assicurazioni	BAK
Plc	BAK	Digital Magics	BAK	Emova Group	IAC	Generali	BAK
Siemens Gamesa Re	GVC	Eurazeo	CIC	Fnac Darty	CIC	Mapfre	GVC
Voltalia	CIC	Ffp	CIC	Inditex	GVC	Net Insurance	BAK
Automobiles & Parts	Mem(*)	GbI	CIC	Maisons Du Monde	CIC	Unipolsai	BAK
Brembo	BAK	Rallye	CIC	Ovs	BAK	Materials, Construction	Mem(*)
Faurecia	CIC	Tip Tamburi Investment Partners	BAK	Unieuro	BAK	Acs	GVC
Ferrari	BAK	Wendel	CIC	Healthcare	Mem(*)	Aena	GVC
Gestamp	GVC	Fin. Serv. Industrials	_Mem(*)	Abionyx Pharma	CIC	Astm	BAK
Indelb	BAK	Abitare In	BAK	Amplifon	BAK	Atlantia	BAK
Landi Renzo	BAK	Dovalue	BAK	Atrys Health	GVC	Buzzi Unicem	BAK
Michelin	CIC	Nexi	BAK	Crossject	CIC	Capelli	CIC
Piaggio	BAK	Tinexta	BAK	Diasorin	BAK	Cementir	BAK
Plastic Omnium	CIC	Financial Services Banks	Mem(*)	El.En.	BAK	Clerhp Estructuras	GVC
Sogefi	BAK	Amundi	CIC	Fermentalg	CIC	Eiffage	CIC
Stellantis	BAK	Anima	BAK	Fine Foods	BAK	Ezentis	GVC
Valeo	CIC	Azimut	BAK	Genfit	CIC	Fcc	GVC
Banks	Mem(*)	Banca Generali	BAK	Guerbet	CIC	Ferrovial	GVC
Banca Mps	BAK	Banca Ifis	BAK	Korian	CIC	Groupe Adp	CIC
Banco Sabadell	GVC	Banca Mediolanum	BAK	Oncodesign	CIC	Groupe Poujoulat	CIC
Banco Santander	GVC	Banca Sistema	BAK	Orpea	CIC	Groupe Sfpi S.A.	CIC
Bankia	GVC	Bff Bank	BAK	Recordati	BAK	Herige	CIC
Bankinter	GVC	Finecobank	BAK	Shedir Pharma	BAK	Hexaom	CIC
Bbva	GVC	Poste Italiane	BAK	Theraclion	CIC	Imerys	CIC
Bnp Paribas	CIC	Food & Beverage	Mem(*)	Vetoquinol	CIC	Kaufman & Broad	IAC
Bper	BAK	Advini	CIC	Virbac	CIC	Lafargeholcim	CIC
Caixabank	GVC	Bonduelle	CIC	Household Goods	Mem(*)	Maire Tecnimont	BAK
Credem	BAK	Campari	BAK	Abeo	CIC `	Mota Engil	CBI
Credit Agricole Sa	CIC	Danone	CIC	De Longhi	BAK	Obrascon Huarte Lain	GVC
Creval	BAK	Ebro Foods	GVC	Fila	BAK	Sacyr	GVC
Intesa Sanpaolo	BAK	Enervit	BAK	Groupe Seb	CIC	Saint Gobain	CIC
Liberbank	GVC	Fleury Michon	CIC	Industrial Engineering	Mem(*)	Salcef	BAK
Mediobanca	BAK	Italian Wine Brands	BAK	Biesse	BAK	Sonae Industria	CBI
Natixis	CIC	Lanson-Bcc	CIC	Caf	GVC	Tarkett	CIC
Rothschild & Co	CIC	Laurent Perrier	CIC	Carraro	BAK	Thermador Groupe	CIC
Societe Generale	CIC	Ldc	CIC	Cnh Industrial	BAK	Vicat	CIC
Unicredit	BAK	Orsero	BAK	Danieli	BAK	Vinci	CIC
Basic Resources	Mem(*)		CIC	Datalogic	BAK	Webuild	BAK
Acerinox	GVC	Remy Cointreau	CIC	Exel Industries	CIC	Media	Mem(*)
Altri	CBI	Tipiak	CIC	Fincantieri	BAK	Arnoldo Mondadori Editore	BAK
Arcelormittal	GVC	Vidrala	GVC	Haulotte Group	CIC	Atresmedia	GVC
Corticeira Amorim	CBI	Vilmorin	CIC	Interpump	BAK	Cairo Communication	BAK
Ence	GVC	Viscofan	GVC	Manitou	CIC	Digital Bros	BAK
				Prima Industrie	BAK	GI Events	CIC
Semapa The Navigator Company	CBI CBI	Vranken Pommery Monopole	CIC Mom(*)	Prysmian	BAK	Il Sole 24 Ore	BAK
Tubacex	GVC	Food & Drug Retailers Carrefour	_Mem(*) CIC	•	BAK		CIC
Verallia				Saes		lpsos	
	CIC	Casino Guichard-Perrachon	CIC	Talgo	GVC	Jodecaux	CIC
Chemicals Air Liquido	Mem(*)	Jeronimo Martins	CBI	Zardoya Otis	GVC	Lagardere	CIC
Air Liquide	CIC	Marr	BAK	Industrial Transportation	Mem(*)	M6-Metropole Television	CIC
Arkema	CIC	Sonae	CBI	Bollore	CIC	Mediaset Fanana	BAK
Plasticos Compuestos	GVC	Winfarm	CIC	Clasquin	IAC	Mediaset Espana	GVC





Nei Oceana	010	A4	010	Eur.	010
Nrj Group	CIC	Atos	CIC	Fdj	CIC
Publicis	CIC	Axway Software	CIC	Groupe Partouche	IAC
Rcs Mediagroup	BAK	Capgemini	CIC	l Grandi Viaggi	BAK
Teleperformance	CIC	Cast	CIC	Ibersol	CBI
Tf1	CIC	Catenon	GVC	Int. Airlines Group	GVC
Ubisoft	CIC	Ekinops	CIC	Melia Hotels International	GVC
Vivendi	CIC	Esi Group	CIC	Nh Hotel Group	GVC
Vogo	CIC	Exprivia	BAK	Pierre Et Vacances	CIC
Oil & Gas Producers	Mem(*)	•	GVC	Sodexo	CIC
Ecoslops	CIC	Gpi	BAK	Trigano	CIC
Eni	BAK	Indra Sistemas	GVC	Utilities	Mem(*)
Galp Energia	CBI	Lleida.Net	GVC	A2A	BAK
Gas Plus	BAK	Neurones	CIC	Acciona	GVC
Maurel Et Prom	CIC	Reply	BAK	Acea	BAK
Repsol	GVC	Sii	CIC	Albioma	CIC
Total	CIC	Sopra Steria Group	CIC	Alerion Clean Power	BAK
Oil Services	Mem(*)		CIC	Audax	GVC
Cgg	CIC	Support Services	Mem(*)	Derichebourg	CIC
Gtt	CIC	Applus	GVC	Edp	CBI
Rubis	CIC	Bureau Veritas	CIC	Edp Renováveis	CBI
Saipem	BAK	Cellnex Telecom	GVC	Enagas	GVC
Technipfmc Plc	CIC	Enav	BAK	Endesa	GVC
Tecnicas Reunidas	GVC	Fiera Milano	BAK	Enel	BAK
Tenaris	BAK	Global Dominion	GVC	Erg	BAK
Vallourec	CIC	Inwit	BAK	Falck Renewables	BAK
Personal Goods	Mem(*)	Openjobmetis	BAK	Greenalia	GVC
Basicnet	BAK	Prosegur	GVC	Hera	BAK
Brunello Cucinelli	BAK	Prosegur Cash	GVC	Holaluz	GVC
Cellularline	BAK	Rai Way	BAK	Iberdrola	GVC
Cie Fin. Richemont	CIC	Technology Hardware & Eq.	Mem(*)	Iren	BAK
Geox	BAK	Memscap	IAC	Italgas	BAK
Hermes Intl.	CIC	Osmozis	CIC	Naturgy	GVC
Interparfums	CIC	Stmicroelectronics	BAK	Red Electrica Corporacion	GVC
Kering	CIC	Tier 1 Technology	GVC	Ren	CBI
L'Oreal	CIC	Telecommunications	Mem(*)	Snam	BAK
Lvmh	CIC	Bouygues	CIC	Solaria	GVC
Moncler	BAK	Euskaltel	GVC	Terna	BAK
Monnalisa	BAK	lliad	CIC		
Safilo	BAK	Nos	CBI		
Salvatore Ferragamo	BAK	Orange	CIC		
Smcp	CIC	Retelit	BAK		
Swatch Group	CIC	Telecom Italia	BAK		
Technogym	BAK	Telefonica	GVC		
Tod'S	BAK	Tiscali	BAK		
Real Estate	Mem(*)	Unidata	BAK		
lgd	BAK	Vodafone	BAK		
Lar España	GVC	Travel & Leisure	Mem(*)		
Merlin Properties	GVC	Accor	CIC `		
Quabit Immobiliaria	GVC	Autogrill	BAK		
Realia	GVC	Beneteau	CIC		
Software & Computer Ser.	Mem(*)		GVC		
Agile Content	GVC	Compagnie Des Alpes	CIC		
Akka Technologies	CIC	Edreams Odigeo	GVC		
Alten	CIC	Elior	CIC		
Amadeus	GVC	Europear	CIC		
rinducus	OVC	Luiopoai	OIO		

LEGEND: BAK: Banca Akros; CIC: CIC Market Solutions; CBI: Caixa-Banco de Investimento; GVC: GVC Gaesco Valores, SV, SA

as at 26 March 2021





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Il presente documento è stato redatto da Enrico Esposti che svolge funzioni di analista presso Banca Akros SpA ("Banca Akros"), soggetto responsabile della produzione del documento stesso. Esso è prodotto e distribuito dal giorno 8 April 2021, ore 08:40 italiane.

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Banca Akros, nell'ultimo anno, ha pubblicato sulla società oggetto di analisi tre studi in data 24 e 25 marzo e 1 aprile 2021.

Ai sensi degli artt. 5 e 6 del Regolamento Delegato 2016/958, Banca Akros ha specifici interessi nei confronti della società oggetto di analisi nel presente documento, in quanto Corporate Broker del titolo Net Insurance, quotato sul segmento AIM Italia.

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Banca Akros rende disponibili informazioni sui conflitti di interesse, ai sensi delle disposizioni contenute nell'art. 20 del Regolamento EU 2014/596 (Regolamento sugli Abusi di Mercato) e in particolare ai sensi degli artt. 5 e 6 del Regolamento Delegato EU 2016/958, sul proprio sito internet: http://www.bancaakros.it/menu-informativa/analisi-finanziaria-e-market-abuse.aspx

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Percentuale delle raccomandazioni al 31 marzo 2021 Tutte le raccomandazioni Raccomandazioni su titoli in conflitto di interessi (*) 31 Mar 21 Reduce 0.9% Neutral 22.6% 19.5% 19.5% Accumulate Accumulate Accumulate Accumulate

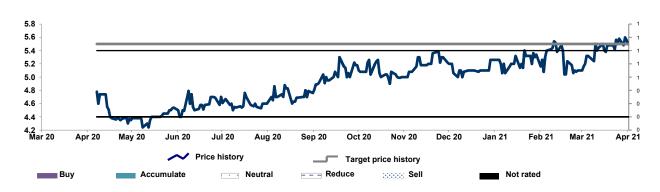
(*) Si informa che la percentuale degli emittenti in potenziale conflitto di interessi con Banca Akros è pari al 35.65% del totale degli emittanti ognotto di conortura

Recommendation history for NET INSURANCE

Date	Recommendation	Target price	Price at change date
26-Mar-20	Accumulate	5.50	4.70
05-Jul-19 20-Jun-19	Buy	6.00	4.24
20-Jun-19	Buy	5.50	4.26
01-Apr-19	Neutral	5.50	3.78
11-Feb-19	Buy	6.80	4.44

Source: Factset & ESN, price data adjusted for stock splits.

This chart shows Banca Akros continuing coverage of this stock; the current analyst may or may not have covered it over the entire period. Current analyst: Enrico Esposti, CIIA (since 01/12/2018)







ESN Recommendation System

The ESN Recommendation System is **Absolute**. It means that each stock is rated based on **total return**, measured by the upside/downside potential (including dividends and capital reimbursement) over a **12-month time horizon**. The final responsible of the recommendation of a listed company is the analyst who covers that company. The recommendation and the target price set by an analyst on one stock are correlated but not totally, because an analyst may include in its recommendation also qualitative elements as market volatility, earning momentum, short term news flow, possible M&A scenarios and other subjective elements.



The ESN spectrum of recommendations (or ratings) for each stock comprises 5 categories: Buy (B), Accumulate (A), Neutral (N), Reduce (R) and Sell (S).

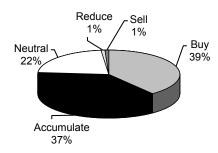
Furthermore, in specific cases and for a limited period of time, the analysts are allowed to rate the stocks as **Rating Suspended (RS)** or **Not Rated (NR)**, as explained below.

Meaning of each recommendation or rating:

- Buy: the stock is expected to generate total return of over 15% during the next 12-month
- Accumulate: the stock is expected to generate total return of 5% to 15% during the next 12-month
- Neutral: the stock is expected to generate total return of -5% to +5% during the next 12-month
- Reduce: the stock is expected to generate total return of -5% to -15% during the next 12-month
- Sell: the stock is expected to generate total return under -15% during the next 12-month
- Rating Suspended: the rating is suspended due to: a) a capital operation (take-over bid, SPO, etc.) where a Member of ESN is or could be involved with the issuer or a related party of the issuer; b) a change of analyst covering the stock; c) the rating of a stock is under review by the Analyst.
- Not Rated: there is no rating for a stock when there is a termination of coverage of the stocks or a company being floated (IPO) by a Member of ESN or a related party of the Member.

Note: a certain flexibility on the limits of total return bands is permitted especially during higher phases of volatility on the markets

Banca Akros Ratings Breakdown



For full ESN Recommendation and Target price history (in the last 12 months) please see ESN Website Link

Date and time of production: 8 April 2021: 8:40 CET

First date and time of dissemination: 8 April 2021: 8:45 CET



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